

# Primers, Bonders, Sealers, and Paints 2

## Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012

Date of issue: 05/11/2015

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### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name : Concrete Crackseal  
PAF & PAFE  
PAF Wet Base

Product code : Not available

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Primers, Bonders, Sealers, and Paints

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Ash Grove Packaging  
10809 Executive Center, Suite 321  
Little Rock, AR 72211 - USA  
T 501-224-3882

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### GHS-US classification

Carcinogenicity 1A

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure 1

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS08

Signal word (GHS-US) :

Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) :

May cause cancer. Causes damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Prevention statements (GHS-US) :

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves and clothing as well as eye and face protection. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Response statements (GHS-US) :

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage statements (GHS-US) :

Store to prevent dust generation.

Disposal statements (GHS-US) :

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, state, and federal regulations.

Supplemental Information :

Read and Follow all precautions listed in the Safety Data Sheet available on request or at [Ashgrovepkg.com](http://www.ashgrovepkg.com). Additional information on the selection and use of respirators can be found in the *NIOSH Respirator Selection Logic* (DHHS [NIOSH] Publication No. 2005-100) and the *NIOSH Guide to Industrial Respiratory Protection* (DHHS [NIOSH] Publication No. 87-116) available at <http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/docs/87-116/>.

This product contains greater than 0.1% crystalline silica. Crystalline silica has been linked to cancer, silicosis, and other lung problems in conditions of prolonged airborne over-exposure.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available.

#### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Concrete Crackseal; PAF Wet Base: 8 percent of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

PAF & PAFE: 5 percent of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable.

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### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Limestone	(CAS No) 1317-65-3	8 - 69	Not classified.
Quartz	(CAS No) 14808-60-7	5 - 59	Carc. 1A <sup>1</sup> STOT RE 1 <sup>1</sup>
Titanium dioxide	(CAS No) 13463-67-7	1.6 - 1.9 <sup>2</sup>	Carc. 2 <sup>1</sup>
Diethanolamine	(CAS No) 111-42-2	0.2 - 0.22 <sup>2</sup>	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) Skin Irrit. 2 Eye Dam. 1 Carc. 2 STOT RE 2
Diuron	(CAS No) 330-54-1	0.02 <sup>2</sup>	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) STOT RE 2
Ethylene oxide	(CAS No) 75-21-8	< 0.1 <sup>3</sup>	Flam. Gas 1 Liquefied gas Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation) Skin Irrit. 2 Eye Irrit. 2A Muta. 1B Carc. 1B STOT SE 3
1,4-Dioxane	(CAS No) 123-91-1	< 0.1 <sup>3</sup>	Flam. Liq. 2 Eye Irrit. 2A Carc. 2 STOT SE 3
Acetaldehyde	(CAS No) 75-07-0	< 0.1 <sup>3</sup>	Flam. Liq. 1 Eye Irrit. 2A Carc. 2 STOT SE 3
Carbon black	(CAS No) 1333-86-4	< 0.1 <sup>4</sup>	Carc. 2 <sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Only applies to airborne particles of respirable size

<sup>2</sup> Concrete Crackseal; PAF & PAFE

<sup>3</sup> Concrete Crackseal; PAF Wet Base

<sup>4</sup> Concrete Crackseal

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures after inhalation : If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : If irritation occurs, flush skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if worn. If irritation persists, get medical attention.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : May cause respiratory tract irritation.
- Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : May cause skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin.
- Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : May cause eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with possible redness and swelling.
- Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Symptoms may not appear immediately. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label or SDS where possible).

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Treat for surrounding material.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Fire hazard : Product does not burn; however its packaging may. Products of combustion may include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Protection during firefighting : Keep upwind of fire. Wear full fire fighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear) and respiratory protection (SCBA).

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### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

#### 6.2. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain and/or absorb spill with inert material (e.g. sand, vermiculite), then place in a suitable container. Do not flush to sewer or allow to enter waterways. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

Methods for cleaning up : Scoop up material and place in a disposal container.

#### 6.3. Reference to other sections

See section 8 for further information on protective clothing and equipment and section 13 for advice on waste disposal.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not swallow. Handle and open container with care. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Hygiene measures : Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash hands before eating, drinking, or smoking.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Keep out of the reach of children. Keep container tightly closed. Clean up spilled material promptly.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Not available.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Limestone (1317-65-3)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust)
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust) 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
Quartz (14808-60-7)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
OSHA	Not applicable	(10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> )/(%SiO <sub>2</sub> +2) TWA (resp) (30 mg/m <sup>3</sup> )/(%SiO <sub>2</sub> +2) TWA (total) (250)/(%SiO <sub>2</sub> +5) mppcf TWA (resp)
Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust)
Diethanolamine (111-42-2)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction and vapor)
OSHA	Not applicable	
Diuron (330-54-1)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OSHA	Not applicable	
Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	5 ppm
1,4-Dioxane (123-91-1)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	360 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

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1,4-Dioxane (123-91-1)		
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm

  

Acetaldehyde (75-07-0)		
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (ppm)	25 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	360 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm

  

Carbon black (1333-86-4)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures (airborne levels of dust, fume, vapor, etc.) below recommended exposure limits.
Hand protection	: Wear suitable gloves.
Eye protection	: Safety glasses or goggles are recommended when using product.
Skin and body protection	: Wear suitable clothing common to do-it-yourself projects.
Respiratory protection	: In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Environmental exposure controls	: Maintain levels below Community environmental protection thresholds.
Other information	: Do not eat, smoke or drink where material is handled, processed or stored. Wash hands carefully before eating or smoking. Handle according to established industrial hygiene and safety practices.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Paste/Resin
Colour	: Varies
Odour	: Varies
Odour threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: No data available
Flash point	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not flammable
Explosive limits	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidising properties	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available
Solubility	: No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: No data available
Log Kow	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available

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### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal storage conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

None known.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None known.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified.

Primers, Bonders, Sealers, and Paints 2	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rat	No data available
LC50 inhalation rat	No data available
Limestone (1317-65-3)	
LD50 oral rat	6450 mg/kg
Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)	
LD50 oral rat	> 10000 mg/kg
Diethanolamine (111-42-2)	
LD50 oral rat	620 µl/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	7640 µl/kg
Diuron (330-54-1)	
LD50 oral rat	1017 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)	
LC50 inhalation rat	800 ppm/4h
1,4-Dioxane (123-91-1)	
LD50 oral rat	5170 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	7600 µl/kg
LC50 inhalation rat	46 mg/l/2h
Carbon black (1333-86-4)	
LD50 oral rat	> 15400 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 3 g/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.  
Serious eye damage/irritation : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.  
Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.  
Germ cell mutagenicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.  
Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer.

Quartz (14808-60-7)	
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size)
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	2 - Known Human Carcinogens (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size)

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<b>Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)</b>	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size)
<b>Diethanolamine (111-42-2)</b>	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
<b>Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)</b>	
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	2 - Known Human Carcinogens
In OSHA Specifically Regulated Carcinogen list	Yes
<b>1,4-Dioxane (123-91-1)</b>	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	1 - Evidence of Carcinogenicity, 3 - Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen
<b>Acetaldehyde (75-07-0)</b>	
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans (alcoholic beverages), 2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	3 - Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen
<b>Carbon black (1333-86-4)</b>	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size)

Reproductive toxicity	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Causes damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (Respirable crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is listed by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) and National Toxicology Program (NTP) as a lung carcinogen. Prolonged exposure to respirable crystalline silica has been known to cause silicosis, a lung disease, which may be disabling. While there may be a factor of individual susceptibility to a given exposure to respirable silica dust, the risk of contracting silicosis and the severity of the disease is clearly related to the amount of dust exposure and the length of time (usually years) of exposure.)
Aspiration hazard	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: May cause respiratory tract irritation.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: May cause skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: May cause eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with possible redness and swelling.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

<b>Primers, Bonders, Sealers, and Paints 2</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

<b>Primers, Bonders, Sealers, and Paints 2</b>	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available.

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on the global warming : No known ecological damage caused by this product.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : This material must be disposed of in accordance with all local, state, provincial, and federal regulations. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.

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### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT  
Not regulated for transport.

#### Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.  
Special transport precautions : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory except for:

3,5,7-Triaza-1-azoniatricyclo[3.3.1.1 <sup>3,7</sup> ]decane, 1-methyl-, chloride	CAS No 76902-90-4
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#### Diethanolamine (111-42-2)

Listed on United States SARA Section 313

SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %
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#### Diuron (330-54-1)

Listed on United States SARA Section 313

SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %
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#### Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)

Listed on the United States SARA Section 302

Listed on United States SARA Section 313

SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	1000
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SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %
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#### 1,4-Dioxane (123-91-1)

Listed on United States SARA Section 313

SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %
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#### Acetaldehyde (75-07-0)

Listed on United States SARA Section 313

EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
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SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %
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#### 15.2. US State regulations

#### Primers, Bonders, Sealers, and Paints 2

State or local regulations	This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.
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### SECTION 16: Other information

Date of issue : 05/11/2015

Other information : None.

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